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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/768,155	01/23/2001	Morris Reichlin	OMRF 158 CIP	4427

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EXAMINER

SCHWADRON, RONALD B

ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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1644

DATE MAILED: 03/21/2003

75

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary

Application No.

09/768,155

Applicant(s)

REICHLIN ET AL.

Examiner

Ron Schwadron, Ph.D.

Art Unit

1644

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
- Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☐ Responsive to communication(s) filed on ____.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-3,5-10 and 12-14 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) 1-3 and 5-7 is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) ____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 8-10,12-14 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) ____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) ____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on ____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
- Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
- 11) ☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on ____ is: a) ☐ approved b) ☐ disapproved by the Examiner.
- If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.
- 12) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120

- 13) ☒ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☒ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2. ☒ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 08/800,682.
3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
- * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.
- 14) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).
- a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.
- 15) ☒ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.

Attachment(s)

- 1) ☒ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s). ____.
- 2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
- 3) ☒ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) ____ 6) ☐ Other: ____.

Art Unit: 1644

1. Applicant's election with traverse of Group II, claims 8-10,12-14 in Paper No. 10 is acknowledged. The traversal is on the ground(s) that are stated in said paper. This is not found persuasive because of the following reasons. The restriction requirement enunciated in the previous Office Action meets the criterion for restriction as elucidated in the MPEP sections 803, 806 and 806.05. Therefore, the restriction is appropriate.

The requirement is still deemed proper and is therefore made FINAL.

2. Claims 1-3,5-7 are withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b), as being drawn to a nonelected inventions. Applicant timely traversed the restriction (election) requirement in Paper No. 10.

3. The proposed drawing corrections filed in the preliminary amendment filed in the instant application are approved.

4. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970);and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

5. Claims 8-10,12-14 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 7-12 of U.S. Patent No. 6342218. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not

Art Unit: 1644

patentably distinct from each other because while the claims differ in scope, both sets of claims encompass the antibody recited in claim 7 of US Patent 6,342,218. Therefore, the two sets of claims under consideration in this rejection would have been prima facie obvious in view of each other to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made for the aforementioned reasons.

6. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

7. Claims 8-10,12-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as containing subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention.

There is no support in the specification as originally filed for the recitation of "prevent the anti-dsDNA antibodies from interfering with protein synthesis" in claim 8. Applicant has indicated that said limitation finds support in Example 2. However, Example 2 does not disclose antiid antibodies. Example 2 discloses anti- dsDNA antibodies that suppress protein synthesis, but includes the additional limitation that said antibodies also cross reactive with Ribosomal Protein S1. There is no written description of the scope of the claimed invention in the specification as originally filed (eg. the claimed invention constitutes new matter).

There is no support in the specification as originally filed for the recitation of "single chain anti-idiotypic antibody" in claim 8. While the specification discloses "single chain anti-idiotypic Fv fragment", the limitation under consideration encompasses single chain anti-idiotypic antibodies larger than Fv. There is no disclosure in the specification as originally filed of such antibodies. There is no written description of the scope of the claimed invention in the specification as originally filed (eg. the claimed invention constitutes new matter).

8. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

Art Unit: 1644

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

9. Claims 8-10,12-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Weisbart (US Patent 6,232,444).

Weisbart teaches antiid antibodies which bind dsDNA (see column 2, last paragraph, column 5, column 3). Weisbart teaches a therapeutic composition containing a F(ab') of said antibody (eg. a single chain antibody) in a pharmaceutical carrier (see column 3, paragraphs one and two). Weisbart teach that the antibody can be of human origin (see column 3, third paragraph). Weisbart teach that the variable light and heavy chains can be joined to exogenous constant regions (eg. a fusion protein, see column 3, fifth paragraph). Weisbart teaches doses of said antibodies for treating disease (see column 3, second paragraph). The mechanisms of action recited in claim 13 and 14 would be inherent in a dosage used to treat the disease because if the anti-dsDNA antibodies were actually causing the disease than the disease would only be treated by preventing production of said antibodies. While Weisbart does not specifically teach that the anti-dsDNA antibodies interfere with protein synthesis (and that the anti-id single chain antibody blocks this effect), this functional property is an inherent property of the antibodies disclosed by Weisbart for the following reason. The specification, page 39, last sentence, continued on page 40 indicates that the pathogenic effect of anti-dsDNA antibodies is mediated by inhibition of protein synthesis. Thus, any antiid single chain which binds anti-dsDNA antibodies and treats disease would inherently block anti-dsDNA antibodies mediating inhibition of protein synthesis.

10. No claim is allowed.

11. Papers related to this application may be submitted to Group 1600 by facsimile transmission. The faxing of such papers must conform with the notice published in the Official Gazette, 1096 OG 30 (November 15, 1989). Papers should be faxed to Group 1600 at (703) 308-4242.

Art Unit: 1644

12. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Dr. Ron Schwadron whose telephone number is (703) 308-4680. The examiner can normally be reached Monday through Thursday from 7:30 to 6:00. A message may be left on the examiners voice mail service. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ms. Christina Chan can be reached on (703) 308-3973. Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application should be directed to the Group 1600 receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0196.

RONALD B. SCHWADRON
PRIMARY EXAMINER
GROUP 1800 (600)



Ron Schwadron, Ph.D.

Primary Examiner

Art Unit 1644